

Progress towards prohibiting all corporal punishment in Europe and Central Asia



GLOBAL INITIATIVE TO
End All Corporal Punishment of Children

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Also available online at www.endcorporalpunishment.org

The following table summarises the legal status of corporal punishment of children – and progress towards achieving prohibition – in all settings in all states in Europe and Central Asia. As at October 2018, 33 states have achieved prohibition in all settings, including the home; governments of at least 9 others have expressed a commitment to enacting full prohibition. Thirty-five states have prohibited corporal punishment in all alternative care settings, 36 in day care; all 54 states have prohibited corporal punishment in schools and as a sentence for crime, 53 in penal institutions.

States with full prohibition in legislation

The following 33 states have prohibited corporal punishment in all settings, including the home.

<i>States with full prohibition ...</i>						
State	Prohibited in the home	Prohibited in alternative care settings	Prohibited in day care	Prohibited in schools	Prohibited in penal institutions	Prohibited as sentence for crime
Albania	YES ¹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Andorra	YES ²	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Austria	YES ³	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Bulgaria	YES ⁴	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Croatia	YES ⁵	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Cyprus	YES ⁶	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Denmark	YES ⁷	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Estonia	YES ⁸	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Finland	YES ⁹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Germany	YES ¹⁰	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Greece	YES ¹¹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES

¹ Prohibited in Law on the Protection of the Rights of the Child 2010

² Prohibited in 2014 amendments to Criminal Code 2005

³ Prohibited in 1989 amendment to General Civil Code, reiterated in Federal Constitutional Act on the Rights of Children 2011

⁴ Prohibited in Child Protection Act 2000 (amended 2003) and Regulations on the Implementation of the Child Protection Act 2003

⁵ Prohibited in Family Act 1998, superceded by Family Act 2003

⁶ Prohibited in Violence in the Family (Prevention and Protection of Victims) Law 1994, reiterated in Act on Violence in the Family 2000; right “to administer punishment” formally repealed from Children's Law 1956 in 2013

⁷ Prohibited in 1997 amendment to Parental Custody and Care Act 1995, reiterated in Danish Act on Parental Responsibility 2007

⁸ Prohibited in Child Protection Act 2014, in force January 2016

⁹ Prohibited in Child Custody and Rights of Access Act 1983

¹⁰ Prohibited in 2000 amendment to Civil Code

¹¹ Prohibited in Law 3500/2006 on the Combating of Intra-family Violence 2006

States with full prohibition ...						
State	Prohibited in the home	Prohibited in alternative care settings	Prohibited in day care	Prohibited in schools	Prohibited in penal institutions	Prohibited as sentence for crime
Hungary	YES ¹²	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Iceland	YES ¹³	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Ireland	YES ¹⁴	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Latvia	YES ¹⁵	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Liechtenstein	YES ¹⁶	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Lithuania	YES ¹⁷	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Luxembourg	YES ¹⁸	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Malta	YES ¹⁹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Montenegro	YES ²⁰	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Netherlands	YES ²¹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Norway	YES ²²	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Poland	YES ²³	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Portugal	YES ²⁴	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Republic of Moldova	YES ²⁵	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Romania	YES ²⁶	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
San Marino	YES ²⁷	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Slovenia	YES ²⁸	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Spain	YES ²⁹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Sweden	YES ³⁰	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
TFYR Macedonia	YES ³¹	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Turkmenistan	YES ³²	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Ukraine	YES ³³	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES

¹² Prohibited in 2004 amendment to Child Protection Act 1997

¹³ Prohibited in Children's Act 2003

¹⁴ Prohibited in 2015 amendment to Offences Against the Person (Non Fatal) Act 1997

¹⁵ Prohibited in Children's Rights Protection Law 1998

¹⁶ Prohibited in Children and Youth Act 2008

¹⁷ Prohibited in 2017 amendments to Law on the Fundamentals of Protection of the Rights of the Child 1996

¹⁸ Prohibited in Law on Children and the Family 2008

¹⁹ Prohibited in 2014 amendment to Criminal Code but some legislation still to be formally repealed

²⁰ Prohibited in 2016 amendments to Family Law 2007

²¹ Prohibited in 2007 amendment to Civil Code

²² Prohibited in 1987 amendment to Parent and Child Act 1981, confirmed in further amendments 2010 following 2005 Supreme Court decision supportive of "lighter smacks"

²³ Prohibited in 2010 amendment to Family and Guardianship Code 1964

²⁴ Prohibited in 2007 amendment to Penal Code

²⁵ Prohibited in 2008 amendment to Family Code

²⁶ Prohibited in Law on Protection and Promotion of the Rights of the Child 2004

²⁷ Prohibited in 2014 amendments to Penal Code and Law of 26 April 1986 No. 49 on Family Law Reform

²⁸ Prohibited in Law Amending and Supplementing the Law on Prevention of Family Violence 2016

²⁹ Prohibited in 2007 amendment to Civil Code

³⁰ Prohibited in 1979 amendment to Parenthood and Guardianship Code

³¹ Prohibited in Law on Child Protection 2013

³² Prohibited in Law on Guarantees of the Rights of the Child 2002, reiterated in Family Code 2012

³³ Prohibited in Family Code 2003

Corporal punishment unlawful by Supreme Court ruling

In the following state, a Supreme Court ruling has declared corporal punishment to be unlawful in all settings including the home but prohibition has not yet been enacted in legislation. Italy is yet to make a public commitment to enacting prohibition.

State	Prohibited in the home	Prohibited in alternative care settings	Prohibited in day care	Prohibited in schools	Prohibited in penal institutions	Prohibited as sentence for crime
Italy	NO ³⁴	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES

States expressing commitment to law reform in UPR and other contexts

Governments in the following states have expressed a commitment to prohibition of all corporal punishment of children. In the majority of cases this has been through unequivocally accepting recommendations to prohibit made during the Universal Periodic Review (UPR) of the state concerned. Some states have formally confirmed a commitment to prohibition in a public context outside of the UPR.

State	Prohibited in the home	Prohibited in alternative care settings	Prohibited in day care	Prohibited in schools	Prohibited in penal institutions	Prohibited as sentence for crime
Armenia ³⁵	NO	SOME ³⁶	NO	YES	YES	YES
Azerbaijan ³⁷	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Bosnia and Herzegovina ³⁸	SOME ³⁹	SOME ⁴⁰	SOME ⁴¹	YES	YES	YES
Georgia ⁴²	NO	[SOME] ⁴³	NO	YES	YES	YES
Kyrgyzstan ⁴⁴	NO	SOME ⁴⁵	NO	YES	[YES]	YES
Serbia ⁴⁶	NO	NO	SOME ⁴⁷	YES	YES	YES
Slovakia ⁴⁸	NO	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
Tajikistan ⁴⁹	NO	NO	SOME ⁵⁰	YES	NO	YES
Turkey ⁵¹	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES

³⁴ 1996 Supreme Court judgment ruled against all violence in childrearing but this not yet confirmed in legislation

³⁵ Government accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit (2010, 2015); draft legislation which would prohibit under discussion (2015)

³⁶ Unlawful in care institutions

³⁷ Government accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit (2009, 2013, 2018)

³⁸ Government accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit (2015)

³⁹ Prohibited in Republic of Srpska

⁴⁰ Prohibited in Republic of Srpska

⁴¹ Prohibited in Republic of Srpska

⁴² Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit in all settings (2015)

⁴³ Possibly prohibited in care institutions

⁴⁴ Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit in all settings (2015)

⁴⁵ Prohibited in residential institutions

⁴⁶ Government accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit (2008, 2013)

⁴⁷ Prohibited in day care which forms part of education system

⁴⁸ Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit (2009); prohibiting legislation being drafted (2015)

⁴⁹ Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit in all settings (2011)

⁵⁰ Prohibited in preschool education settings

⁵¹ Government accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit (2010, 2015)

States without a clear commitment to law reform

The following states have yet to make a clear commitment to prohibiting all corporal punishment. Some of these states have accepted UPR recommendations to prohibit but have also indicated that they consider existing legislation adequately protects children from corporal punishment, in conflict with information collected by the Global Initiative. Some states have accepted some UPR recommendations to prohibit corporal punishment but rejected other similar recommendations.

States without a clear commitment to law reform ...						
State	Prohibited in the home	Prohibited in alternative care settings	Prohibited in day care	Prohibited in schools	Prohibited in penal institutions	Prohibited as sentence for crime
Belarus ⁵²	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Belgium	NO ⁵³	SOME ⁵⁴	NO	YES	YES	YES
Czech Republic	NO	SOME ⁵⁵	SOME ⁵⁶	YES	YES	YES
France ⁵⁷	NO	NO	NO	YES ⁵⁸	YES	YES
Kazakhstan	NO	[SOME] ⁵⁹	SOME ⁶⁰	YES	YES	YES
Monaco	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES
Republic of Kosovo	NO	NO	SOME ⁶¹	YES	YES	YES
Russian Federation	NO	NO	SOME ⁶²	YES	YES	YES
Switzerland	NO ⁶³	[SOME] ⁶⁴	YES	YES	YES	YES
UK	NO	SOME ⁶⁵	SOME ⁶⁶	YES ⁶⁷	YES	YES
Uzbekistan	NO	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES

⁵² Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit (2010) but stated it had already been implemented and all corporal punishment unlawful

⁵³ Draft legislation which would prohibit under discussion (2016); Government gave a mixed response to UPR recommendations to prohibit (2016)

⁵⁴ Prohibited in institutions in Flemish community

⁵⁵ Unlawful in institutions

⁵⁶ Prohibited in preschool provision

⁵⁷ Government accepted UPR recommendation to prohibit (2013) but stated that acceptance of recommendations did not necessarily imply a commitment to further action

⁵⁸ But courts have recognised a "right of correction"

⁵⁹ Possibly prohibited in children's villages

⁶⁰ Prohibited in preschool education and training

⁶¹ Prohibited in preschool provision

⁶² Unlawful in preschool provision

⁶³ 2003 Federal Court ruling stated repeated and habitual corporal punishment unacceptable but did not rule out all corporal punishment in childrearing

⁶⁴ Possibly lawful in family placements

⁶⁵ Prohibited in residential institutions and foster care arranged by local authorities and voluntary organisations

⁶⁶ Prohibited in day care and childminding in England, Wales and Scotland; in Northern Ireland, guidance states physical punishment should not be used but no prohibition in law

⁶⁷ But in 2014 Government confirmed no prohibition in "unregistered independent settings providing part-time education"

Note

The above information is based wherever possible on examination of national legislation; additional information is gathered from many sources, including reports to and by the United Nations human rights treaty bodies. **Information in square brackets is unconfirmed.** We are very grateful to government officials, UNICEF and other UN agencies, NGOs and human rights institutions, and many individuals who have assisted us in our research. We welcome corrections and updates: email info@endcorporalpunishment.org. For further details on all states see the individual state reports at www.endcorporalpunishment.org.